GUIDE TO OPTICAL SILICA



SILICA OR QUARTZ? These terms are often used very loosely, so let's set down some definitions. Quartz is the crystal form, and Fused Quartz or Silica are the terms for the vitreous or glassy forms.

<u>QUARTZ:</u> This should be the description for crystalline SiO². Trigonal and positive birefringent, it is generally used for this property, not for simple transmitting windows.

<u>FUSED QUARTZ</u>: Less expensive vitreous silica formed by fusing naturally occurring quartz crystal or lower grade synthetic stock material. The UV use can be limited and so these materials are generally used for windows covering visible wavelengths. These are typical examples:

 UV-VIS grades (0.19 - 2.0μm)

 HOMOSIL® 101
 He

 HERASIL® 102
 He

 JGS2
 Ch

m) Heraeus Heraeus China VIS-IR grades (0.27 - 3.3μm)INFRASIL® 301 & 302HeraeusHPFS® 7979CorningJGS3ChinaVis-IR grades (0.27 - 3.3μm small band 2.7μm)HOQ310HeraeusGE124General Electric

<u>SILICA / FUSED SILICA</u>: Vitreous silica formed from high purity synthetic material. Generally specified for use in the UV. Typical examples are:

UV-VIS grades (0.16 - 2.0μm)SPECTROSIL® 2000HeraeusSUPRASIL® 1HeraeusHPFS® 7980CorningJGS1China

UV-VIS-IR grades (0.19 - 3.3µm)

SUPRASIL® 300	Heraeus
HPFS® 7979	Corning

<u>HIGH PURITY SILICA</u>: Vitreous silica of the highest purity developed for maximum transmission in the VUV and lowest laser damage and fluorescence.

UV-VIS excimer grades (A	vrF 193nm & H	KrF 24	Bnm)
SUPRASIL 1 ArF/KrF	Heraeus		
SQ-E193 & SQ-E248	J-Plasma Jer	na	
HPFS® 8655	Corning -		Note that this is also a low OH infra-red material to $3.3 \mu m$

SUB GRADES: Within many of these grades of glass there are often sub divisions which specify homogeneity, striae, and bubble cross-sections which should be considered before final selection.

INFRA-RED GRADES: Fused Quartz & Silica normally contains OH which causes a strong absorption centred on 2.7µm, limiting transmission to 2.0µm and restricting usefulness for IR applications. Grades with low OH (typically <10ppm) are available and they can be used effectively to 3.3µm. There are some grades of fused natural quartz have only a small absorption band at 2.7µm (eg GE 124) and are useful as thin windows.

This listing represents the best of our understanding at present, and is not intended to be comprehensive. Within many of the basic material grades given, manufacturers usually have several subdivisions relating to quality. Crystran Ltd cannot be responsible for any problems caused by wrongly specified material as a result of using this data sheet. Suitability of material for purpose must always be confirmed at point of ordering.

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CRYSTRAN LTD

1, Broom Road Business Park, Poole, BH12 4PA, UKTEL: +44 (0)1202 307650FAX +44 (0)1202 307651email: sales@crystran.co.ukwww.crystran.co.ukRegistered in England No 2863378VAT GB 619 6814 12

